DOW AGROSCIENCES CANADA INC. encourages and expects you to read and understand the entire (M)SDS, as there is important information throughout the document. We expect you to follow the precautions identified in this document unless your use conditions would necessitate other appropriate methods or actions.

## 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

**Product name:** ENTRUST™ Insecticide

**Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use**

**Identified uses:** End use Insecticide product

**COMPANY IDENTIFICATION**

DOW AGROSCIENCES CANADA INC.

2100 450 1ST STREET SW

CALGARY AB T2P 5H1

CANADA

**For MSDS Updates and Product Information:** 800-667-3852

**Prepared by:** Prepared for use in Canada by EH&S, Hazard Communications.

**Revision Date:** 09/29/2015

**Customer Information Number:** 800-667-3852

solutions@dow.com

**EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER**

24-Hour Emergency Contact: 613-996-6666

Local Emergency Contact: 613-996-6666

## 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

**Emergency Overview**

**Appearance**

- **Physical state:** Liquid
- **Color:** Tan to brown
- **Odor:** Mild

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Hazard Summary</th>
<th>CAUTION!!</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>May cause skin irritation.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Highly toxic to fish and/or other aquatic organisms.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Potential Health Effects

Eyes: May cause slight temporary eye irritation. Corneal injury is unlikely.

Skin: Essentially nonirritating to skin. Prolonged skin contact is unlikely to result in absorption of harmful amounts.

Inhalation: No adverse effects are anticipated from single exposure to mist. Based on the available data, respiratory irritation was not observed.

Ingestion: Very low toxicity if swallowed. Harmful effects not anticipated from swallowing small amounts.

Chronic Exposure: For the active ingredient(s): In laboratory animal studies, effects on reproduction have been seen only at doses that produced significant toxicity to the parent animals. In animals, Spinosad has been shown to cause vacuolization of cells in various tissues. Dose levels producing these effects were many times higher than any dose levels expected from exposure due to use.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical nature: Mixture
This product is a mixture.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>CASRN</th>
<th>Weight percent</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Spinosad A &amp; D</td>
<td></td>
<td>22.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Propylene glycol</td>
<td>57-55-6</td>
<td>&gt;= 12.0 - &lt;= 16.0 %</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Balance</td>
<td>Not available</td>
<td>&gt;= 61.5 - &lt;= 65.5 %</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note
Spinosad is comprised of Spinosyn A (CAS # 131929-60-7) and Spinosyn D (CAS # 131929-63-0)

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures
General advice: If potential for exposure exists refer to Section 8 for specific personal protective equipment.

Inhalation: Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call an emergency responder or ambulance, then give artificial respiration; if by mouth to mouth use rescuer protection (pocket mask etc). Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

Skin contact: Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. Suitable emergency safety shower facility should be available in work area.

Eye contact: Hold eyes open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eyes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. Suitable emergency eye wash facility should be available in work area.

Ingestion: No emergency medical treatment necessary.
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed: Aside from the information found under Description of first aid measures (above) and Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed (below), any additional important symptoms and effects are described in Section 11: Toxicology Information.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed
Notes to physician: No specific antidote. Treatment of exposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient. Have the Safety Data Sheet, and if available, the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment.

5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media: To extinguish combustible residues of this product use water fog, carbon dioxide, dry chemical or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: No data available

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture
Hazardous combustion products: Under fire conditions some components of this product may decompose. The smoke may contain unidentified toxic and/or irritating compounds. Combustion products may include and are not limited to: Nitrogen oxides. Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide.

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: This material will not burn until the water has evaporated. Residue can burn.

Advice for firefighters
Fire Fighting Procedures: Keep people away. Isolate fire and deny unnecessary entry. Contain fire water run-off if possible. Fire water run-off, if not contained, may cause environmental damage. Review the "Accidental Release Measures" and the "Ecological Information" sections of this (M)SDS.

Special protective equipment for firefighters: Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective fire fighting clothing (includes fire fighting helmet, coat, trousers, boots, and gloves). If protective equipment is not available or not used, fight fire from a protected location or safe distance.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures: Isolate area. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering the area. Refer to section 7, Handling, for additional precautionary measures. Use appropriate safety equipment. For additional information, refer to Section 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection.

Environmental precautions: Prevent from entering into soil, ditches, sewers, waterways and/or groundwater. See Section 12, Ecological Information. Spills or discharge to natural waterways is likely to kill aquatic organisms.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up: Contain spilled material if possible. Small spills: Absorb with materials such as: Clay. Dirt. Sand. Sweep up. Collect in suitable and properly labeled containers. Large spills: Contact Dow AgroSciences for clean-up assistance. See Section 13, Disposal Considerations, for additional information.
7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling: Keep out of reach of children. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Do not swallow. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Wash thoroughly after handling. Use with adequate ventilation. See Section 8, EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION.

Conditions for safe storage: Store in a dry place. Store in original container. Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Do not store near food, foodstuffs, drugs or potable water supplies.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters
Exposure limits are listed below, if they exist.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>Regulation</th>
<th>Type of listing</th>
<th>Value/Notation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Spinosad A &amp; D</td>
<td>Dow IHG</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>0.3 mg/m³</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Propylene glycol</td>
<td>US WEEL</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>CA ON OEL</td>
<td>TWAEV Total</td>
<td>155 mg/m³, 50 ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>CA ON OEL</td>
<td>TWAEV</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>CA ON OEL</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>155 mg/m³, 50 ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>CA ON OEL</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Consult local authorities for recommended exposure limits.

RECOMMENDATIONS IN THIS SECTION ARE FOR MANUFACTURING, COMMERCIAL BLENDING AND PACKAGING WORKERS. APPLICATORS AND HANDLERS SHOULD SEE THE PRODUCT LABEL FOR PROPER PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND CLOTHING.

Exposure controls
Engineering controls: Use local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, general ventilation should be sufficient for most operations. Local exhaust ventilation may be necessary for some operations.

Individual protection measures
Eye/face protection: Use safety glasses (with side shields).
Skin protection
Hand protection: Chemical protective gloves should not be needed when handling this material. Consistent with general hygienic practice for any material, skin contact should be minimized.
Other protection: No precautions other than clean body-covering clothing should be needed.
Respiratory protection: Respiratory protection should be worn when there is a potential to exceed the exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, wear respiratory protection when adverse effects, such as respiratory irritation or discomfort have been experienced, or where indicated by your risk assessment process. For most conditions no respiratory protection should be needed; however, if discomfort is experienced, use an approved air-purifying respirator. The following should be effective types of air-purifying respirators: Organic vapor cartridge with a particulate pre-filter.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance
Physical state: Liquid
Color: Tan to brown
Odor Threshold: Mild
pH: 8.0 - 9.5
Melting point/range: Not applicable
Freezing point: No test data available
Boiling point (760 mmHg): No test data available
Flash point: closed cup > 100 °C Pensky-Martens Closed Cup ASTM D 93
Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate = 1): No test data available
Flammability (solid, gas): Not Applicable
Lower explosion limit: No test data available
Upper explosion limit: No test data available
Vapor Pressure: No test data available
Relative Vapor Density (air = 1): No test data available
Relative Density (water = 1): No test data available
Water solubility: No test data available
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: No data available
Auto-ignition temperature: No test data available
Decomposition temperature: No test data available
Dynamic Viscosity: No test data available
Kinematic Viscosity: No test data available
Explosive properties: No data available
Oxidizing properties: No data available
Liquid Density: 1.0564 g/cm3 at 20 °C Digital density meter
Molecular weight: No data available

NOTE: The physical data presented above are typical values and should not be construed as a specification.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

Chemical stability: Stable at ambient temperatures.

Possibility of hazardous reactions: Polymerization will not occur.

Conditions to avoid: Some components of this product can decompose at elevated temperatures.

Incompatible materials: None known.

Hazardous decomposition products: Decomposition products depend upon temperature, air supply and the presence of other materials.
11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicological information appears in this section when such data is available.

**Acute toxicity**

*Acute oral toxicity*
Very low toxicity if swallowed. Harmful effects not anticipated from swallowing small amounts.

As product:
LD50, Rat, female, > 5,000 mg/kg

*Acute dermal toxicity*
Prolonged skin contact is unlikely to result in absorption of harmful amounts.

As product:
LD50, Rat, male and female, > 5,000 mg/kg

*Acute inhalation toxicity*
No adverse effects are anticipated from single exposure to mist. Based on the available data, respiratory irritation was not observed.

As product: Maximum attainable concentration.
LC50, Rat, male and female, dust/mist, > 4.19 mg/l No deaths occurred at this concentration.

**Skin corrosion/irritation**
Essentially nonirritating to skin.

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation**
May cause slight temporary eye irritation.
Corneal injury is unlikely.

**Sensitization**
Did not demonstrate the potential for contact allergy in mice.

For respiratory sensitization:
No relevant data found.

**Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Single Exposure)**
Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not an STOT-SE toxicant.

**Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Repeated Exposure)**
In animals, Spinosad has been shown to cause vacuolization of cells in various tissues. Dose levels producing these effects were many times higher than any dose levels expected from exposure due to use.

**Carcinogenicity**
Active ingredient did not cause cancer in laboratory animals.

**Teratogenicity**
For the active ingredient(s): Did not cause birth defects or other effects in the fetus even at doses which caused toxic effects in the mother.

**Reproductive toxicity**
For the active ingredient(s): In laboratory animal studies, effects on reproduction have been seen only at doses that produced significant toxicity to the parent animals.
**Mutagenicity**
For the active ingredient(s): In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative. Animal genetic toxicity studies were negative.

**Aspiration Hazard**
Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

---

**12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

*Ecotoxicological information appears in this section when such data is available.*

**Toxicity**

**Spinosad A & D**

**Acute toxicity to fish**
Material is highly toxic to aquatic organisms on an acute basis (LC50/EC50 between 0.1 and 1 mg/L in the most sensitive species tested).
LC50, Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish), 96 Hour, 5.9 mg/l

**Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates**
EC50, Daphnia magna (Water flea), 48 Hour, 1.5 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 202 or Equivalent
EC50, eastern oyster (Crassostrea virginica), 0.295 mg/l

**Acute toxicity to algae/aquatic plants**
Ec50, diatom Navicula sp., 5 d, Biomass, 0.107 mg/l
Ec50, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae), 7 d, 39 mg/l
Ec50, Lemna gibba, 14 d, 10.6 mg/l

**Toxicity to bacteria**
Bacteria, > 100 mg/l

**Chronic toxicity to fish**
NOEC, Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout), flow-through test, mortality, 0.5 mg/l

**Chronic toxicity to aquatic invertebrates**
NOEC, Daphnia magna (Water flea), 0.0012 mg/l

**Toxicity to Above Ground Organisms**
Material is practically non-toxic to birds on an acute basis (LD50 > 2000 mg/kg).
Material is practically non-toxic to birds on a dietary basis (LC50 > 5000 ppm).
oral LD50, Colinus virginianus (Bobwhite quail), > 2000mg/kg bodyweight.
dietary LC50, Colinus virginianus (Bobwhite quail), 5 d, > 5253mg/kg diet.
oral LD50, Apis mellifera (bees), 48 Hour, 0.06micrograms/bee
contact LD50, Apis mellifera (bees), 48 Hour, 0.05micrograms/bee

**Toxicity to soil-dwelling organisms**
LC50, Eisenia fetida (earthworms), 14 d, > 970 mg/kg

**Propylene glycol**

**Acute toxicity to fish**
Material is practically non-toxic to aquatic organisms on an acute basis (LC50/EC50/EL50/LL50 >100 mg/L in the most sensitive species tested).
LC50, Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout), static test, 96 Hour, 40,613 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 203
Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates
LC50, Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea), static test, 48 Hour, 18,340 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 202

Acute toxicity to algae/aquatic plants
ErC50, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae), 96 Hour, Growth rate inhibition, 19,000 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to bacteria
NOEC, Pseudomonas putida, 18 Hour, > 20,000 mg/l

Chronic toxicity to aquatic invertebrates
NOEC, Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea), semi-static test, 7 d, number of offspring, 13,020 mg/l

Balance
Acute toxicity to fish
No relevant data found.

Persistence and degradability

Spinosad A & D
Biodegradability: Biodegradation under aerobic static laboratory conditions is high (BOD20 or BOD28/ThOD > 40%). Material is expected to biodegrade very slowly (in the environment). Fails to pass OECD/EEC tests for ready biodegradability.
10-day Window: Fail
Biodegradation: < 1 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B or Equivalent

Biological oxygen demand (BOD)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Incubation Time</th>
<th>BOD</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>5 d</td>
<td>66.000 %</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10 d</td>
<td>68.000 %</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20 d</td>
<td>76.000 %</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>28 d</td>
<td>77.000 %</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Stability in Water (1/2-life)
Hydrolysis, pH 7, Half-life Temperature 25 °C, Stable
Hydrolysis, half-life, 200 - 259 d, pH 9, Half-life Temperature 25 °C
Hydrolysis, pH 5, Half-life Temperature 25 °C, Stable
Photolysis, half-life, 0.84 - 0.96 d, pH 7

Propylene glycol
Biodegradability: Material is readily biodegradable. Passes OECD test(s) for ready biodegradability. Biodegradation may occur under anaerobic conditions (in the absence of oxygen).
10-day Window: Pass
Biodegradation: 81 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F or Equivalent
10-day Window: Not applicable
Biodegradation: 96 %
Exposure time: 64 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 306 or Equivalent
Theoretical Oxygen Demand: 1.68 mg/mg

Chemical Oxygen Demand: 1.53 mg/mg

Biological oxygen demand (BOD)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Incubation Time</th>
<th>BOD</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>5 d</td>
<td>69.000 %</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10 d</td>
<td>70.000 %</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20 d</td>
<td>86.000 %</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Photodegradation
Atmospheric half-life: 10 Hour
Method: Estimated.

Balance
Biodegradability: No relevant data found.

Bioaccumulative potential

Spinosad A & D
Bioaccumulation: Bioconcentration potential is moderate (BCF between 100 and 3000 or Log Pow between 3 and 5).
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water (log Pow): 4.01
Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 33 Fish 28 d Measured

Propylene glycol
Bioaccumulation: Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3).
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water (log Pow): -1.07 Measured
Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 0.09 Estimated.

Balance
Bioaccumulation: No relevant data found.

Mobility in soil

Spinosad A & D
Potential for mobility in soil is low (Koc between 500 and 2000).
Partition coefficient (Koc): 701 Measured

Propylene glycol
Given its very low Henry's constant, volatilization from natural bodies of water or moist soil is not expected to be an important fate process.
Potential for mobility in soil is very high (Koc between 0 and 50).
Partition coefficient (Koc): < 1 Estimated.

Balance
No relevant data found.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods: If wastes and/or containers cannot be disposed of according to the product label directions, disposal of this material must be in accordance with your local or area regulatory authorities. This information presented below only applies to the material as supplied. The
identification based on characteristic(s) or listing may not apply if the material has been used or otherwise contaminated. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste identification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations. If the material as supplied becomes a waste, follow all applicable regional, national and local laws.

### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

**TDG**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Proper shipping name</th>
<th>ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (spinosad)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>UN number</td>
<td>UN 3082</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Class</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Packing group</td>
<td>III</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Marine pollutant</td>
<td>spinosad</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Classification for SEA transport (IMO-IMDG):

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Proper shipping name</th>
<th>ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (spinosad)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>UN number</td>
<td>UN 3082</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Class</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Packing group</td>
<td>III</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Marine pollutant</td>
<td>spinosad</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transport in bulk</td>
<td>Consult IMO regulations before transporting ocean bulk</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>according to Annex I or II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC or IGC Code</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Classification for AIR transport (IATA/ICAO):

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Proper shipping name</th>
<th>Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (spinosad)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>UN number</td>
<td>UN 3082</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Class</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Packing group</td>
<td>III</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Further information:**

NOT REGULATED PER TDG EXEMPTION 1.45.1 FOR ROAD OR RAIL

This information is not intended to convey all specific regulatory or operational requirements/information relating to this product. Transportation classifications may vary by container volume and may be influenced by regional or country variations in regulations. Additional transportation system information can be obtained through an authorized sales or customer service representative. It is the responsibility of the transporting organization to follow all applicable laws, regulations and rules relating to the transportation of the material.

### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

**Hazardous Products Act Information: CPR Compliance**

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Canadian Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR.

**Hazardous Products Act Information: WHMIS Classification**

This product is exempt under WHMIS.

**National Fire Code of Canada**

Not applicable
Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL) (DSL)
This product contains chemical substance(s) exempt from CEPA DSL Inventory requirements. It is
regulated as a pesticide subject to Pest Control Products Act (PCPA) requirements.

Pest Control Products Act Registration Number: 30382

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Hazard Rating System
NFPA

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Health</th>
<th>Fire</th>
<th>Reactivity</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Revision
Identification Number: 101215180 / A215 / Issue Date: 09/29/2015 / Version: 2.0
DAS Code: GF-2887
Most recent revision(s) are noted by the bold, double bars in left-hand margin throughout this
document.

Legend
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CA ON OEL</th>
<th>Dow IHG</th>
<th>TWA</th>
<th>TWAEG</th>
<th>US WEEL</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Canada. Ontario OELs</td>
<td>Dow Industrial Hygiene Guideline</td>
<td>8-hr TWA</td>
<td>time-weighted average exposure value</td>
<td>USA. Workplace Environmental Exposure Levels (WEEL)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Information Source and References
This SDS is prepared by Product Regulatory Services and Hazard Communications Groups from
information supplied by internal references within our company.

DOW AGROSCIENCES CANADA INC. urges each customer or recipient of this (M)SDS to study it
carefully and consult appropriate expertise, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and
understand the data contained in this (M)SDS and any hazards associated with the product. The
information herein is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date shown
above. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. Regulatory requirements are subject to
change and may differ between various locations. It is the buyer's/user's responsibility to ensure that
his activities comply with all federal, state, provincial or local laws. The information presented here
pertains only to the product as shipped. Since conditions for use of the product are not under the
control of the manufacturer, it is the buyer's/user's duty to determine the conditions necessary for the
safe use of this product. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-
specific (M)SDSs, we are not and cannot be responsible for (M)SDSs obtained from any source other
than ourselves. If you have obtained an (M)SDS from another source or if you are not sure that the
(M)SDS you have is current, please contact us for the most current version.